

Domain: all real numbers; Range: $y \le 0$

10.



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- **11.** (0, 0); maximum
- **12.** (0, 0); minimum
- **13.** Domain: all real numbers: Range: $y \le 0$; Vertex: (0, 3)

14.
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 4x, & x \ge 0\\ -4x, & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

15.
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -2x, \ x \ge 0 \\ 2x, \ x < 0 \end{cases}$$





The graph is increasing on the interval x < -1 and increasing on the interval $x \ge$ -1.

17.



The graph is increasing on the interval x > 3 and decreasing on the interval -2 $< x \le 3$.

18. The student reversed the signs of the function for each piece and did not include the point x = 0 in the domain.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 5x, \ x < 0\\ -5x, \ x \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

20.
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 35x + 5, \ 0 \le x \le 10\\ 30x, \ x > 10 \end{cases}$$

30. (0, 4)



31. (2, 0)



32. (-1, -2)



33. (3, 1)



- **34.** The graph of *g* is a vertical stretch of the graph of *f* by a factor of 2 and translated 6 units left and 1 unit down.
- **35.** The graph of *g* is a reflection across the *x*-axis of the graph of *f*, translated 2 units right and 1 unit down.
- **36.** The graph of *g* is a vertical compression of the graph of *f* by a factor of 0.5, reflected across the *x*-axis and translated 4 units up.
- **37.** The graph of g is a vertical stretch of the graph of f by a factor of $\frac{3}{2}$, translated 1 unit right and 8 units up.
- 38. g(x) = -0.5 |x+3| 2
- 39. g(x) = 3|x-4|+3
- 41. g(x) = |x-5| + 4
- 42. g(x) = |x+3| + 3